

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2013

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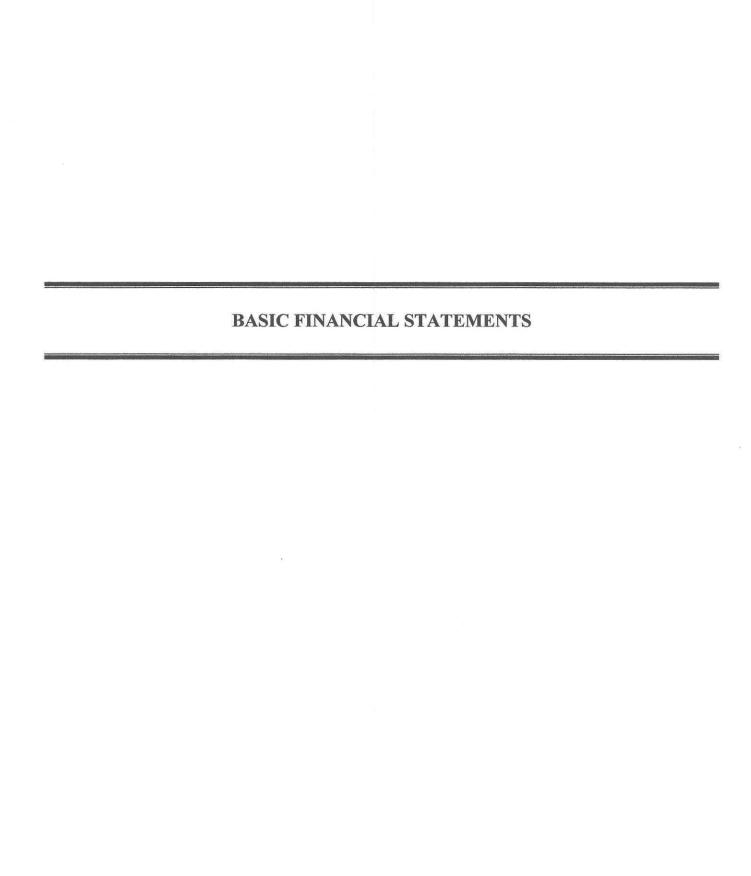
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ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Charles Jagneaux St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court P. O. Box 750 Opelousas, Louisiana 70571

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental-type activities of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the St. Landry Parish Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are fee from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the component unit financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental-type activities of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the St. Landry Parish Government, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters - Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule be presented to supplement the component unit financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the component unit financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the component unit financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the component unit financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the component unit financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2013, on our consideration of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mary Sue Stages, CPA

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baker, LA

December 6, 2013

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART 1 OF 2)

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is a required element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement No. 34. Its purpose is to provide an overview of the financial activities of the Clerk of Court based on currently known facts, decisions and/or conditions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

These financial statements are comprised of three components - (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. There is also other supplementary information contained in this report provided for additional information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements present financial information for all activities of the Clerk of Court from an economic resource measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These provide both short-term and long-term information about the Clerk of Court's overall financial status. They include a statement of net position and statement of activities.

Statement of Net Position. This statement presents information on all of the Clerk's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and inflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Clerk is improving or not.

Statement of Activities. This statement presents information showing how the Clerk's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This statement is designed to show the Clerk's financial reliance on general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Clerk of Court uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Clerk of Court has only one category of funds: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements except that the focus with fund statements is to provide a distinct view of the Clerk of Court's governmental funds only. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability emphasizing the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year.

Because the view of governmental funds is short-term and the view of the government-wide financial statements is long-term, it is useful to compare these two perspectives. Both the governmental funds

balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provides reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between the two viewpoints.

Governmental funds of the Clerk of Court include a general fund, and the fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

A budgetary comparison schedule is included for governmental funds under required supplementary information – part 2 of 2. This schedule indicates the Clerk of Court's compliance with its adopted and final revised budgets. This comparison can be found on page 31.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The index of the notes is found on page 18 with the actual notes beginning immediately afterwards.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Clerk of Court's budgetary comparisons.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT

Net position is an indicator of financial position from year to year. A summary follows.

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION Governmental Activities

	2013	2012
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 900,955.74	\$ 1,049,737.05
Capital assets, net	89,586.96	68,289.19
Total Assets	990,542.70	1,118,026.24
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	8,460.13	11,260.88
Long-term liabilities	810,031.23	633,205.36
Total Liabilities	818,491.36	644,466.24
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	89,586.96	68,289.19
Unrestricted	82,464.38	405,270.81
Net Position	172,051.34	473,560.00

A summary of changes in net position is as follows:

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities

	2013	2012
Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 2,900,278.73	\$ 2,867,800.35
Grants/contributions	18,600.00	12,089.50
General revenues:		
Interest earned	15,743.61	8,939.95
Other revenues	9,141.46	18,376.21
Total Revenues	2,943,763.80	2,907,206.01
Expenses General government	3,245,272.35	3,069,377.16
Change in net position	(301,508.55)	(162,171.15)
Net position, beginning	473,560.00	635,731.15
Net position, ending	172,051.45	473,560.00

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Clerk of Court received \$1,264 more in revenues than it anticipated during the current year. At the same time, expenditures were \$163,959 more than budgeted amounts. This created a negative variance of \$162,696 in the change in net position.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: The Clerk of Court's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt at June 30, 2013 and 2012, was \$89,587 and \$68,289, respectively. Additions during the year included equipment to enhance the electronic capabilities of the office at a cost of \$51,611.

Capital assets at year-end are summarized as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation Governmental Activities

	2013	2012
Depreciable Assets		
Equipment and furniture	\$ 68,544.68	\$ 43,038.34
Vehicles	21,042.28	25,250.74
Total	89,586.96	68,289.19

Long-Term Debt: Long-term obligations of the Clerk include \$752,474 in post-employment benefits for the year ended June 30, 2013, an increase of \$168,450 which is the annual required contribution based on actuarial estimations less contributions made during the year.

Obligations extending beyond one year also include \$57,557 and \$49,181 at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, in compensated absences. This represents the value of unused leave time earned by employees but not yet taken.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Clerk of Court's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the Clerk of Court's commitment to public accountability. Any questions or requests for additional information can be obtained by contacting the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court, P. O. Box 750, Opelousas, Louisiana 70571, (337) 942-5606.



ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 735,370.89
Receivables:	
Accounts, net	65,584.85
Investments	100,000.00
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	89,586.96
Total Assets	990,542.70
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	6,435.00
Payroll related payables	259.96
Accrued salaries payable	1,765.17
Compensated absences payable	57,557.23
Other post-employment benefits payable	752,474.00
Total Liabilities	818,491.36
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	89,586.96
Unrestricted	82,464.38
Total Net Position	172,051.34

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Revenues (Expenses)	Governmental Activities	\$ (326,393.62)	(326,393.62)	15,743.61 9,141.46	24,885.07	(301,508.55)	473,560.00
	Capital Grants and Contributions	· ·	ť				
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 18,600.00 \$	18,600.00	səl	Total General Revenues	sition	inning
	Charges for Service	\$3,177,722.86 \$2,832,729.24 67,549.49 67,549.49	2,900,278.73	General Revenues Interest earnings Other revenues	Total	Change in Net Position	Net Position, beginning
	Expenses	\$ 3,177,722.86 67,549.49	3,245,272.35				
	Functional/Programs	Governmental Activities General government Intergovernmental	Total Governmental Activities				

172,051.45

Net Position, ending

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	General Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 735,370.89
Accounts, net Investments	65,584.85 100,000.00
Total Assets	900,955.74
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll related payables Accrued salaries payable	6,435.00 259.96 1,765.17
Total Liabilities	8,460.13
Fund Balances: Assigned for insurance Unassigned	96,000.00 796,495.61
Total Fund Balances	892,495.61
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	900,955.74

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 892,495.61

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheets. This is the capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reported on the Statements of Net Position.

89,586.96

Long-term liabilities of governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. These are the long-term liabilities of the Clerk's governmental activities:

Compensated absences
Other post-employment benefits

(57,557.23)

(752,474.00)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

172,051.34

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

REVENUES	General Fund
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 67,549.49
Charges for services:	
Court costs and fees	1,736,515.46
Certified copies and data processing	414,310.82
Licenses	15,389.00
Recording fees	666,513.96
Grants and other contributions	18,600.00
Interest earned	15,743.61
Other revenues	9,141.46
Total Revenues	2,943,763.80
EXPENDITURES	
General government	3,038,133.68
Capital outlay	51,610.68
	2 222 711 26
Total Expenditures	3,089,744.36
Change in Fund Balances	(145,980.56)
Fund Balances, beginning	1,038,476.17
Fund Balances, ending	892,495.61

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (145,980.56)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are differenct because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation charged differed from capital outlay in the current period.

21,297.88

Governmental funds report payments on long-term obligations as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, these payments are recognized as decreases in the long-term debt. This is the increase in long-term obligations during the year.

(176,825.87)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

(301,508.55)

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Agency Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,520,468.93
Investments	1,250,000.00
Total Assets	4,770,468.93
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for others	4,770,468.93
Total Net Position	4,770,468.93

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INTRODUCTION

The St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court (hereinafter referred to as the Clerk), as provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, serves as the ex-officio notary public; the recorder of conveyances, mortgages and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting practice of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court conforms to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 and to the guides set forth in the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, and to the industry audit guide *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity: Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification) established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the St. Landry Parish Government is the financial reporting entity for St. Landry Parish. The Clerk, therefore, is considered a component unit of the St. Landry Parish Government. It has been determined that the financial statements of the Parish Government would be misleading if data of the Clerk is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship. The accompanying financial statements, however, present only the transactions of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court.

Government-wide Accounting: In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Boards Statement No. 34, the Clerk has presented a statement of net position and statement of activities for the Clerk as a whole. These statements include the primary government and its component units, if applicable, with the exception of fiduciary funds. Those funds are reported separately. Government-wide accounting is designed to provide a more comprehensive view of the government's operations and financial position as a single economic entity.

Government-wide statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are those financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues and are usually reported in governmental and internal service funds. Business activities are financed in whole or in part through fees charged for goods or services to the general public and are usually reported in proprietary funds.

Policies specific to the government-wide statements are as follows:

Eliminating Internal Activity

Interfund receivables and payable are eliminated in the statement of net position except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. These are presented as internal balances. The allocation of overhead expenses, from one function to another or within the same function, is eliminated in the statement of activities. Allocated expenses are reported by the function to which they were allocated.

Capitalizing Assets

Tangible and/or intangible assets used in operations with an initial useful life that extends beyond one year are capitalized. Infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges are also capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at their historical cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over their estimated useful lives. They are reported net of accumulated depreciation on the statement of net position.

Using the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the Clerk is considered a Phase 3 government, as its total annual revenues are less than \$10 million. Such governments were not required to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively at the time of adoption of this statement. The Clerk does not have any infrastructure assets and opted not to retroactively report these types of capital assets.

Program Revenues

The statement of activities presents three categories of program revenues – (1) charges for services; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Charges for services are those revenues arising from charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods and services provided by the Clerk. Grants and contributions, whether operating or capital in nature, are revenues arising from receipts that are reserved for a specific use.

Indirect Expenses

Expenses are reported according to function except for those that meet the definition of special or extraordinary items. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service or program. Indirect expenses include general government or administration that cannot be specifically traced to a service or program. Governments are not required to allocate indirect expenses to other functions, and the Clerk has chosen not to do so.

Operating Revenues

Proprietary funds separately report operating and non-operating revenues.

Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position is those for which a constraint has been imposed either externally or by law. The Clerk recognizes the use of restricted resources for expenditures that comply with the specific

restrictions. Restricted resources are exhausted before unrestricted net position is used.

Fund Accounting: The Clerk uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the Clerk are classified under two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Governmental funds account for all or most of the Clerk's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally reserved monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term obligations. Governmental funds of the Clerk include:

1. General – accounts for all activities not required to be reported in another fund.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: These fund types are used to account for assets held in trust for third-party individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units/funds. Fiduciary funds include:

Agency Funds – The Advance Deposit, Registry of Court and Civil Jury agency funds account
for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for others, are custodial in nature (assets equal
liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, accounts for funds that have been ordered by the Clerk to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawal of these funds can be made only upon order of the Court.

The Civil Jury Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:794, accounts for funds that have been ordered by the Judge for the payment of per diem and expenses of the jury commission of civil trials. Withdrawal of these funds can be made only upon order of the Judge.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus: In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). This codification and subsequent GASB

pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

The type of financial statement presentation determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund.

The government-wide statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of governmental and business-type activities are included in the statement of net assets. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized at the time the liabilities are incurred in the statement of activities. In these statements, capital assets are reported and depreciated in each fund, and long-term debt is reported.

The fund statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets. Expenditures for capital assets are reported as current expenses, and such assets are not depreciated. Principle and interest paid on long-term debt is reported as current expenses.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: The Clerk adopts an annual budget for its general fund, prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund. Appropriations lapse at year-end. There were amendments made to the budget during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits and time certificates. Cash equivalents include amounts in investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Clerk may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Investments: Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments. Otherwise, the investments are classified as cash and cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, investments are recorded at fair value with the corresponding increase or decrease reported in investment earnings.

Inventory: Inventory of the Clerk includes only office supplies, the amount of which is considered immaterial. Therefore, the acquisition of such items is expensed when purchased, and the inventory on hand at year-end is not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Receivables: Trade receivables are recorded at management's estimate of the amount that is expected to be collected. This is based in part on historical information. There is no allowance recorded in the accompanying financial statements as management expects 100% of its outstanding receivables to be collected. Revenues become susceptible to accrual when they become both measurable and available.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets: The Clerk's assets are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets as follows: equipment and furniture – 5-7 years.

Compensated Absences: The Clerk has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

Vacation leave – All full-time employees of the Clerk earn vacation leave at a rate of 2 to 5 weeks each year, depending upon their length of service.

Sick leave – Sick leave is earned at a rate of one to one and one-half days per month, depending upon their length of service. Sick leave may be carried forward from year to year.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as current year expenditures in the General Fund when leave is actually earned

Long-Term Obligations: In the government-wide financial statements, debt principal payments of government activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, however, debt principal payments of governmental funds are recognized as expenditures when paid.

Net Position/Fund Balances: In the statement of net position, the difference between a government's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is recorded as net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted Net Position

Net position that are reserved by external sources, such as banks or by law, are reported separately as restricted net position. When assets are required to be retained in perpetuity, this non-expendable

net position are recorded separately from expendable net position. These are components of restricted net position.

Unrestricted Net Position

This category represents net position not appropriable for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific future use.

In the Balance Sheet of governmental funds, fund balances are segregated as follows:

Non-spendable

This includes amounts in permanent funds and inventories that are permanently precluded from conversion to cash.

Restricted

Fund balances that are restricted include those resources constrained to a specific purpose by enabling legislation, external parties or constitutional provisions.

Committed

Fund balances may be committed for a specific purpose by the highest level of decision-making authority through a formal action such as the adoption of an ordinance. The removal of or change in this commitment can only be accomplished by the same level of authority through the same type of action taken to commit the fund balances initially.

Assigned

Resources earmarked for a specific purpose by a government's management are reported as assigned fund balances.

Unassigned

This category represents that portion of equity that are available for any purpose.

Inter-fund Transactions: All interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions are reported as operating transfers. These are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2013, the Clerk had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) as follows:

Petty cash	\$	250.00
Demand deposits		10.00
Interest-bearing demand deposits	2	735,110.89
Total	7	735,370.89

There is an additional \$3,520,468.93 held by the Advance Deposit, Registry of Court and Civil Jury Funds. All are maintained in interest-bearing demand deposit accounts.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, they must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding, or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Not all of the deposits of the Clerk are covered by insurance (FDIC) or collateralized with securities that are held by the entity in the entity's name or registered in the entity's name. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized under the provision of GASB Statement 3. There are no funds exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS

Investments at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	Fair		Carrying
Type of Investment	<u>Value</u>	Cost	Amount
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,050,000.00	\$ 1,050,000.00	\$ 1,050,000.00
Municipal bonds	260,882.83	100,000.00	100,000.00
Government-backed securities	388,323.49	200,000.00	200,000.00
Total	1,699,206.32	1,350,000.00	1,350,000.00

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

The net receivables, with the exception of inter-fund transactions, at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Charges for services

\$ 65,584.85

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Capital Assets, being depreciated	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retiremen	Ending Ending Balance
Furniture & Equipment	\$ 494,005.35	\$ 51,610.68	\$.00	\$ 545,616.03
Less: accumulated depreciation	450,967.01	26,104.34	.00	477,071.35
Net Furniture & Equipment	43,038.34	25,506.34	.00	68,544.68
Vehicles	29,459.20	.00,	.00	29,459.20
Less: accumulated depreciation	4,208.46	4,208.46	.00	8,416.92
Net Vehicles	25,2	250.74(4,208.4	.00	21,042.28
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	68,289.19	21,297.88	.00	89,586.96

All depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities.

NOTE 6 – ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLES

The payables, with the exception of interfund and intergovernmental transactions, at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Accounts	\$ 6,435.00
Payroll related	259.96
Accrued salaries	1,765.17
Total	8,460.13

Fiduciary funds had unsettled deposits and other payables of \$4,770,468.93 at June 30, 2013.

NOTE 7 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL TRANSACTIONS

Intergovernmental revenues of the general fund for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

State supplement	\$ 17,500.00
La. Dept. of Elections	50,049.49
Total	67,549,49

NOTE 8 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Certain operating expenditures of the Clerk are paid by the St. Landry Parish Government and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 9 – LEASES

Operating Leases. There are no operating leases reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Leases. The Clerk has no capital leases.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, a multiple-employer (cost-sharing), public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees.

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 per cent of their final average salary. Final average salary is the employee's average salary over 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

Funding Policy. State statute requires that plan members contribute 8.25% of their annual covered salary. The Clerk is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 17.25% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial evaluation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Clerk of Clerk's contributions to the system for the years ending June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, were \$394,344, \$235,625 and \$295,119, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

All of the employees of the Clerk are eligible to participate in the State of Louisiana deferred compensation plan. Employees may contribute up to 25% of their salary (not to exceed \$16,500 per

year) to the plan on a pre-tax basis. The contributions are withheld from the employee's paycheck and the Clerk matches up to \$300 per month for each employee. The contributions are fully vested immediately and are remitted to a third-party administrator each payday where they are deposited to an account in the employee's name. The Clerk of Court does not assume any liability for the funds and does not have any control over the funds once they are remitted to the third-party administrator. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Clerk's matching funds totaled \$54,571.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description. The Clerk's defined benefit post-employment health care plan provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Trust (LCCIT), an agent multiple-employer post-employment health care plan administered by the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees. The Clerk currently pays 100% towards the premiums for eligible retired plan members and 50% of the cost for their spouses and dependent children. During the current year, the Clerk contributed approximately \$110,700 to the plan and the participating retirees contributed \$2,938.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Clerk's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an on-going basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Clerk's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Clerk's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 278,418
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	16,387
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(15,655)
Annual OPEB Cost	279,150
Contributions Made	(110,700)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	168,450
Net OPEB Obligation – beginning of year	584,024
Net OPEB Obligation – end of year	752,474

The Clerk's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

		Percentage of	
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
6/30/13	\$ 278,418	31.4%	\$168,450

Funding Status and Funding Progress. As of June 30, 2013, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$752,474, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll was \$1,101,104 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 146.3%. The projection of future benefit payments for an on-going plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funding status of the Plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented here, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liab (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets(a)	Entry Age(b)	(UAAL)(b-a)	Ratio(a/b)	Payroll(c)	Payroll((b-a)/c)
6/30/09	\$ -0-	\$ 892,007	\$ 892,007	0.00%	\$ 441,024	202.3%

Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. In the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. Based on the Clerk's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 4% was used. Actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.50% after 10 years. The Clerk's unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level of percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over 30 years.

NOTE 13 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions requiring disclosure.

NOTE 14 – LITIGATION

There is no litigation that would require disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events between the close of the year through issuance of this report that would materially impact these basic financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART 2 OF 2)

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

REVENUES	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary <u>Basis)</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services: Court costs and fees Certified copies and data processing	\$ 114,132.00 1,836,533.00 352,066.00	\$ 68,000.00 1,749,400.00 410,000.00	\$ 67,549.49 1,736,515.46 414,310.82	\$ (450.51) (12,884.54) 4,310.82
Licenses Recording fees Grants and other contributions Interest earned Other revenues	14,893.00 568,588.00 12,090.00 8,940.00 10,000.00	15,000.00 660,000.00 18,600.00 12,500.00 9,000.00	15,389.00 666,513.96 18,600.00 15,743.61 9,141.46	389.00 6,513.96 - 3,243.61 141.46
Total Revenues		2,942,500.00	2,943,763.80	1,263.80
EXPENDITURES General government Capital outlay	2,869,000.00 50,000.00	2,865,785.00 60,000.00	3,038,133.68 51,610.68	(172,348.68) 8,389.32
Total Expenditures	2,919,000.00	2,925,785.00	3,089,744.36	(163,959.36)
Change in Fund Balances	(1,758.00)	16,715.00	(145,980.56)	(162,695.56)
Fund Balances, beginning	1,038,476.17	1,038,476.17	1,038,476.17	-
Fund Balances, ending	1,036,718.17	1,055,191.17	892,495.61	(162,695.56)

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court <u>Fund</u>	Civil Jury Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,558,810.34 1,050,000.00	\$1,307,550.69	\$ 654,107.90 200,000.00	\$ 3,520,468.93 1,250,000.00
Total Assets	2,608,810.34	1,307,550.69	854,107.90	4,770,468.93
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for others	2,608,810.34	1,307,550.69	854,107.90	4,770,468.93
Total Net Position	2,608,810.34	1,307,550.69	854,107.90	4,770,468.93

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

A 1472	Advance Deposit <u>Fund</u>	Registry of Court <u>Fund</u>	Civil Jury <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Additions	\$ 1,951.24	f 1 000 40	e eco 42	¢ 4.002.07
Interest earned	35.26.05.028.53.50	\$ 1,982.40	\$ 869.43	\$ 4,803.07
Suits and successions	1,961,909.18	264,545.11	193,704.78	2,420,159.07
Total Additions	1,963,860.42	266,527.51	194,574.21	2,424,962.14
Deductions				
Clerk of Court's costs	1,192,073.22	-	-	1,192,073.22
Interest paid	2,104.33		-	2,104.33
Settlement to litigants/others	383,103.99	376,860.23	165,370.90	925,335.12
Sheriff's fees	253,411.02	::	-	253,411.02
Other reductions	129,500.69	-	_	129,500.69
Total Deductions	1,960,193.25	376,860.23	165,370.90	2,502,424.38
Change in Net Position	3,667.17	(110,332.72)	29,203.31	(77,462.24)
Net Position, beginning of year	2,605,143.17	1,417,883.41	824,904.59	4,847,931.17
Net Position, end of year	2,608,810.34	1,307,550.69	854,107.90	4,770,468.93

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Louisiana Society of Certified Public Accountants American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Association of Governmental Accountants Governmental Audit Quality Control Center

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Charles Jagneaux St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court P. O. Box 750 Opelousas, Louisiana 70571

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental-type activities of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the St. Landry Parish Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's basic unit financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2013.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the

effectiveness of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mary Sue Stages, CPA

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Maryou Stags, CPA

Baker, LA

December 6, 2013

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEUDLE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

We have audited the financial statements of the St. Landry Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2013, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

Section I Summary of Auditor's Reports

		•	*		
A.	Report on Compliance and Internal Control Material to the Financial Statements				
	Internal	Control	Significant Deficiencies Material weaknesses	□ No	
	Complia	ance	Material to Financial Statements	□No	
В.	Federal Awards				
N/A	ë				
Sec	tion II	Financial Statemen	t Findings		
N/A					
Sect	tion III	Federal Award Fine	dings and Questioned Costs		
N/A					

ST. LANDRY PARISH CLERK OF COURT OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section I Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

None

Section II Compliance and Internal Control Material to Federal Awards

None

Section III Management Letter

N/A